

KOYNOV, M.M.; GERENCHUK, K.I. [Herenchuk, K.I.], prof., otv.red.;
KOMKOV, G.G. [Komkov, H.H.], red.; SENIK, L.T., red.;
MALYAVKO, A.V., tekhred.

[Nature of Stanislaw Province] Pryroda Stanislavs'koi oblasti.
L'viv, Vyd-vo L'vivs'koho univ., 1960. 101 p.

(MIRA 13:8)

1. Kafedra fizicheskoy geografii L'vovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta im. Ivana Franka (for Gerenchuk).
(Stanislaw Province--Physical geography)

KOYNOV, M.M.

Orographic study of the city of Lvov. Geog. zbir. no.7;
119-126 '63. (MIRA 17:12)

KOYNOV, M.M.

Natural-geographical landforms in the surroundings of Lvov.

Geog.sbor. L'vov.otd.Geog.ob-va SSSR no.8:54-63 '64.

(MIRA 18:5)

KOYNOV, P.

Forage Plants

Creating an abundant supply of fodder. Kolkh. proizv. 12 No. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953, Uncl.

KOYNOV, R.

Chemical Abst.
Vol. 48 No. 8
Apr. 25, 1954
Biological Chemistry

⑤
✓ Chronic and acute intoxication by manganese. M. Iotsov,
P. Ovcharova, R. Koinov, and A. Petrov. *Annuaire Acad.
Med. "Valko Tchernov"* 30, 437-41 (1950-51) (French
summary).—Lethal intoxication of rabbits with $MnCl_2$ did
not cause any pathol. changes in the blood-cerebral bar-
rier and did not influence the passage of trypan blue or NaI
into the cephalo-rhachidian liquid or to the brain tissues.
Chronic intoxication with a total of 180 mg. $MnCl_2$ /kg. in
2% soln. during 5 months gave similar results. Lethal and
toxic doses depend both on the quantity of $MnCl_2$ and the
concn. of the solns. used. G. Meguerian

OVCHAROVA, P.; KOYNOV, R. [Koinov, R.]; ABADZHIYEV, M. [Abadzhiev, M.];
RUNEVSKI, N.

Clinical picture of neural candidiasis. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 63
no.10:1482-1485 '63. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Kafedra nervnykh bolezney Instituta spetsializatsii i usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (zav. - prof. G. Nastev), Bolgariya.

Neurology

BULGARIA

KOYNOV, R., Docent, Director, and POPOV, A., Chair of Neurology, Higher Medical Institute (Katedra po nevrologiya, VNI), Varna

"On the Importance of Epinephrine-like Substances and Cholinesterase Activity in the Pathogenesis of the Epileptic Syndrome"

Sofia, Nevrologiya, Psikhatriya i Nevrokhirurgiya, Vol 5, No 3, 1966, pp 186-192.

Abstract [Authors' Russian and English summaries, modified]:
The authors determined the content of epinephrine-like substances and cholinesterase activity in the blood serum of 53 patients suffering from epileptic seizures of different types. In the interval between grand mal attacks, cholinesterase activity does not differ significantly from the normal. The same is true (with one exception) of the epinephrine-like substances. During grand mal and status epilepticus, epine-

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BULGARIA

KOYNOV, R., et al, Sofia, Nevrologiya, Psikhatriya i Nevrokhirurgiya, Vol 5, No 3, 1966, pp 186-192

phrine-like substances increase and cholinesterase activity decreases, returning to normal values in the subsequent hours. The tendency toward decrease of epinophrine-like substances immediately before seizures and their increase during seizures are regarded not only as a consequence but also as a pathogenetic factor acting along with changes in cholinesterase activity, precipitating the epileptic seizure. Five references, including 1 Bulgarian and 4 Russian. (Manuscript received, June 1965).

2/2

KOYNOV, V.

Effect of Quaternary tectonic movements on the formation of soils
in the Upper Thracian Plain of Bulgaria. [with French summary in
insert]. Pochvovedenie no.9:1-18 S '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Narodnoy respubliki Bolgarii Akademiya nauk.
(Thracian Plain--Soils) (Geology, Stratigraphic)

KOYNOV, V.

International symposium on soil science in Bulgaria.
Pochvovedenie no.5:102-106 My '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya i agrotekhniki imeni Pushkarova.

KOYOV, M.I. [reviewer]

"Outline history of the flora and vegetation of the chernozem zone."
A.R. Meshkov. Reviewed by M.I. Kotov. Bot.zhur.[Ukr.] 11 no.2:98-99
'54. (Ukraine--Botany) (Chernozem soils) (MLRA 8:7)

KOYNOVA, M.I.

Reflex influences from the spleen receptors on the coronary blood
circulation. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk 3 no.2:72-76
Mr-Apr '65. (MIRA 18:5)

KOYNOVA, M.I.

Interceptive effects from the gallbladder on venous pressure.
Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. med. nauk. no.1:15-19 '63.
(MIRA 16:10)

*

KOYNOVA, M.I.

Chemoreceptive effects of the spleen on the coronary
blood flow. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk 3
no.4:76-81 J1-Ag '65. (MIRA 18:11)

43509

S/070/62/007/006/018/020
E132/E435

AUTHORS: Lyubimov, V.N., Venevtsev, Yu.N., Koyranskaya, Ye.Yu.

TITLE: Calculation of the gradients of the electric field in ionic crystals

PERIODICAL: Kristallografiya, v.7, no.6, 1962, 949-952

TEXT: It has been shown (E. Brun et al. Helv. phys. acta, v.34, 1961, 391) that the contribution of δE_d of the multipolarity of the ions to the field gradient may greatly exceed that, δE_p , of the point charges. This effect would be expected to be particularly great for ferroelectrics with dipole structures. The authors' formula (Kristallogr. v.7, no.2, 1962, 229-233) for calculating δE in a dipole structure is now applied to the tetragonal $BaTiO_3$ (or the general perovskite ABO_3). The structure sums were calculated on the "Minsk" computer. The dipolar contribution to δE of any atom does not exceed 0.7×10^{14} cgsu and is normally between 0.1 and 0.5×10^{14} . The true effective charges may, however, differ from those assumed by 20 to 30%. (Assumed $e_A = +1$; $e_B = +2$; $e_{O_I} = e_{O_{II}} = -1$)

Card 1/2

Calculation of the gradients ...

S/070/62/007/006/018/020
E132/E435

If so, then the contributions of the A and B atoms to δE will not be zero and there will be a dipole contribution of the order of $\delta E_d = \text{approx } 0.5 \times 10^{14} \text{ cgsu}$. For the oxygen ions the charge contribution exceeds the dipolar contribution. Inasmuch as the electronic dipoles have the functions of effective charges and their values are only approximately known, their contribution to the dipole structure cannot be calculated accurately. The dynamic corrections to the effective charges can be calculated. For the oxygen this is $\alpha \cdot \delta E = \text{approx } 4 \times 10^{-10} \text{ cgsu}$. For the Ti the correction is significantly less and is about $0.1 e$ and the force acting on the charge greatly exceeds that acting on the dipole. This gives grounds for treating the movement of the ferroelectric ion as that of a point charge and not of a dipole. For the other ions the forces are of the same order. For calculating the fields at the nuclei (or nuclear quadrupole resonance, Moessbauer effect etc) quantum mechanical methods are necessary to calculate the Sternheimer constant γ_{sc} which must be included. There is 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-khimicheskiy institut im. L.Ya.Karpova (Physico-chemical Institute im. L.Ya.Karpov)
SUBMITTED: March 27, 1962
Card 2/2

MOREV, V.A., polkovnik med. sluzhby; KOVRANSKIY, B.B., prof., polkovnik
med sluzhby, red.;

[Reference materials on sanitation and hygiene on ships and for
naval shore units] Spravochnye materialy po sanitarno-gigieni-
cheskomu obespechaniyu na korabliakh i v beregovykh chastiakh
Voenno-Morskogo Flota. Pod red. V.V. Kovranskogo. Leningrad,
Izd. Voenno-Morskoj med. akad., 1945. 295 p. (MIRA 11:8)
(SHIPS--SANITATION) (NAVAL HYGIENE)

KOMRANSKIY, PRCP. B. B.

"The Role of Subnormal Temperatures in the Etiology of Golds," Gig. i San.,
No. 5, 1948

KOYRANSKIY, B.B.

23352. KOIRANSKIĬ, B. B. K etiopatogenezu prostudy; vlianiie mestnogo okhlazhdeniia na reaktsiiu sosudov kozhi stopy. (Klinicheskaiia meditsina, Oct. 1948. t. 26, no. 10, p. 76-82, 3 fig.) *Title tr.:* On the etio-pathogenesis of chill; the influence of local cooling on the reaction of the skin vessels of the foot.

Contains a report on observations made on young, normal men and women, whose lower and/or upper extremity was chilled in water of 5° and 10° C. Skin temperatures of the toe and vessel contractions were studied; also the effect of this cooling on the temperature (and hence the circulation) of the hand; of the nasal mucosa in cold-acclimatized and partly- or non-acclimatized subjects; and of the expired air. The effects of cold feet on the mucosa of the upper section of the respiratory system as regards penetration

lazhdeniâ na reaktsiâ sosudov kozhi stopy.
(Klinicheskaiâ meditsina, Oct. 1948. t. 26,
no. 10, p. 76-82, 3 fig.) *Title tr.:* On the
etio-pathogenesis of chill; the influence of
local cooling on the reaction of the skin
vessels of the foot.

Contains a report on observations made
on young, normal men and women, whose
lower and/or upper extremity was chilled
in water of 5° and 10° C. Skin tempera-
tures of the toe and vessel contractions
were studied; also the effect of this cooling
on the temperature (and hence the
circulation) of the hand; of the nasal
mucosa in cold-acclimatized and partly-
or non-acclimatized subjects; and of the
expired air. The effects of cold feet on
the mucosa of the upper section of the
respiratory system as regards penetration
of pathogens of influenza, pneumonia,
etc., are discussed. Bibliography (10
items).

Copy seen: DLC.

KOYRANSKIY, B. B.

37517. Koyranskiy, B. B. mikroklimat rabochikh pomeshcheniy. v sb: vsesoyuz. s"yezd
gigiyenistov, epidemiologov, mikrobiologov i infektsionistov T. I. M., 1949, s 196-97

SO: Letopis' Ahurnal'nykh Statey Vol. 37, 1949

KOYRANSKIY, B. B., Prof.

PA 59/49119

USSR/Medicine - Clothing
Medicine - Military

Mar 49

"Preparation of Special Clothing Designed to Protect the Body from Overcooling and Overheating," Prof B. B. Koyranskiy, Chair of Navy Hygiene, Navy Med Acad, 4 pp

"Olg 1 San" No 3

Discusses different approaches to problem of replacing fur, which has certain drawbacks (high cost, excess volume and weight, insufficient pliability, etc.). Describes artificial fur, widely used in certain special branches of the army. Other approach involved use of several

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USSR/Medicine - Clothing (Contd) Mar 49

layers of material possessing the properties desired. Close-weave cotton fabric used for windproofing. For moistureproofing, Soviet researchers used the down of cattail (Typha latifolia) instead of kapok. Briefs essential clothing for hot climates, based on data compiled during war.

59/49119

... 1952, B. B.

Meteorological Abst.
Vol. 4 No. 6
June 1953
Climatology and
Bioclimatology

4.6-217 ✓

Q. aeromet
551.586:612

Koitranskii, B. B., O. povysheni ustoiichivosti organizma
protiv pereokhiazheniia. [Raising the resistance of the
organism against chilling.] Gigiena i Sanitariia, 4:17-24,
April 1952. fig., 4 tables, 8 refs. DLC--Several Soviet
studies on the physiological acclimatization to cold as
indicated by the response of skin temperature, blood
vessels, duration of chronaxie to successive exposure to
local cold stimuli. Experimental evidence indicates that
local exposure of extremities to cold generates resistance
to chilling. Water temperature to which children of various
ages should be exposed in order to develop resistance
to cold are listed. Subject Headings: 1. Physiological
climatology 2. Acclimatization 3. U.S.S.R.--I.L.D.

Leningrad Inst. Labor Hygiene

KOTRANSKIY, B.B.; UKVOL'BERG, L.Ya.

Maintaining proper atmospheric conditions in industrial buildings. Gig. i san.
no. 8:30-39 Ag '53. (MLRA 6:9)

1. Leningradskiy institut gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh zabolevaniy.
(Industrial hygiene)

KOYRANSKIY, B. B. (LENINGRAD)

USSR/Medicine - Exposure to Cold

Sep 53

"Resistance of the Organism to Chilling," Prof B. B. Koyranskiy (Leningrad), Leningrad Inst of Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases

Klin Med, Vol 31, No 9, pp 30-36

Frequency and intensity of infections of the upper respiratory tract depend wholly upon the extent to which the various areas of the body become hardened to the action of low temperatures. Protective adaptability of the organism can be improved by increasing its resistance against the effects of

270759

chilling. This is done by increasing the efficiency of mechanisms which are connected with thermoregulation. Increased resistance of the organism to colds depends upon fading away of the diffused vascular reaction which takes place when parts of the body are exposed to chilling.

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KOYRANSKIY, B.B.

[The common cold and its control] Prostuda i bor'ba s nei. Leningrad,
Medgiz, 1954. 218 p.
(Cold (Disease)) (MLRA 8:3)

KOYRANSKIY, B.B.; ZARZHEVSKAYA, D.A.

Protective physiological reactions of the vascular system during cooling of the organism. Gig. i san. no.9:32-36 S '54. (MLRA 7:10)

1. Iz Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh zabolevaniy.

(BLOOD VESSELS, physiology,

eff. of cold, plethysmography)

(COLD, effects,

on blood vessels, plethysmography)

Translation M-652, 26 Jul 57

KOYRANSKIY, B. B.

Colds and Measures Against It, 1954, Voenno-Med. Zhur., No. 11, p. 96, 1955.

KOYRANSKIY, B. B.

Subject : USSR/Medicine AID P - 2486
Card 1/1 Pub. 37 - 15/19
Authors : Koyranskiy, B. B., Prof., and Zarzhevskaya, D. A.
Title : ~~On the protective physiological reactions of the~~
vascular system during cooling of the organism
Periodical : Gig. i san., 7, 53-55, J1 1955
Abstract : An answer to L. G. Okhnyanskaya's critical review of the
authors' work of the same title. The article by
Okhnyanskaya was published in this journal, 1955, no. 3,
p. 51-52. Table. Refs. in footnotes.
Institution: None
Submitted : Apr. 23, 1955

KOYRANSKIY, B.B.
KOYRANSKIY, B.B.

Role of meteorological factors in the etiopathogenesis of influenza.
Zhur.mikrobiol. epid. i immun. no.8:7-13 Ag '55 (MLRA 8:11)

1. Iz meteorologicheskoy laboratorii (zav.--prof. B.B.Koyranskiy)
Gosudarstvennogo instituta gigiyeny truda i profsabolevaniy
(dir.--kandidat meditsinskikh nauk Z.E.Grigor'yev)
(INFLUENZA, etiology and pathogenesis,
meteorol.factors)
(CLIMATE,
in etiol. of influenza)

Koyranskiy, B.B.

AID P - 2901

Subject : USSR/Medicine
Card 1/1 Pub. 37 - 18/20
Author : Koyranskiy, B. B., Prof.
Title : Scientific and Technical Session on Problems of the
Sanitation of Foundry Conditions
Periodical : Gig. i san., 9, 58-59, S 1955
Abstract : Describes the work of and recommendations made by the
above Session called in Leningrad, May 25-27, 1955, by
the Leningrad Branch of the All-Union Scientific
Engineering and Technical Society of Founders, and
other scientific institutions.
Institution : None
Submitted : No date

KOYRANSKIY, B. B.

LETAVET, A.; KHOTSYANOV, L.; ARKHIPOV, A.; SMELYANSKIY, Z.; KIMBAROVSKIY, Ya.;
PASTERNAK, A.; FONGAUZ, M.; ARHOL'DI, I.; BYKHOVSKIY, B.; GORKIN, Z.;
ZHISLIN, L.; ZAIDZHUR, I.; KOYRANSKIY, B.; MILLER, S.; NAVTROTSKIY, V.

Professor S.M.Aranovskii; obituary. Gig. i san. 21 no.10:62 0 '56.

(MLRA 9:11)

(ARANOVSKII, SOLOMON MOISEVICH, 1885-1956)

KOYRANSKIY B.B.

137-58-3-6309

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, p 267 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Koyranskiy, B.B., Ukvol'berg, L.Ya., Kuksinskaya, T.V.

TITLE: On the Acclimatization to High Air Temperatures (Ob akklimatizatsii k vysokim temperaturam vozdukha)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Yubileyn. nauchn. sessii, posvyashch. 30-letney deyat-sti Gos. n.-i. in-ta gigiyeny truda i profzabolevaniy. Leningrad, 1957, pp 59-66

ABSTRACT: A study of changes occurring in thermoregulatory mechanisms of the human system after prolonged and repeated exposure to high temperatures of fairly still air (0.1-0.2 m/sec) and at relatively small humidity (15-20 percent). An analysis of gas-exchange data revealed that the reaction to high temperature differed from one individual to another; however, certain regular patterns were established. In one type of reaction no changes in gas exchange were observed during a 2-hour exposure to a temperature of 40°C, whereas in another instance a sharp reduction in oxygen consumption was noted. On the strength of the data, indicating that no increases in the rate of gas exchange were observed in the individuals investigated, the authors conclude that the human system is capable of adapting itself to prolonged exposure to high temperatures. Ye.L.

Card 1/1

KOYRANSKIY, B.B., professor (Leningrad)

On the problem of acclimatization. Gig.truda i prof.zab. 1 no.2:
6-12 Mr-Ap '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta gigiyeny truda i profzabolevaniy.
(MAN--INFLUENCE OF CLIMATE)

KOYRANSKIY, V.V.
KOYRANSKIY, V.V. (Leningrad)

Development and formation of labor inspection in the U.S.S.R. Gig.
truda i prof.zab. 1 no.5:11-15 S-O '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gigiyeny i
profzabolevaniy.
(LABOR LAWS AND LEGISLATION)

KOYRANSKIY, B.B.
KOYRANSKIY, B.B.

"Acclimatization of man in the North"; with an outline of regional pathology and hygiene by G.M.Danichevskii. Reviewed by B.B.Koiranskii. Gic. i son., 22 no.8:89-90 Ar '57. (MLRA 10:9)

(ARCTIC REGIONS--CLIMATE)

(MAN--INFLUENCE OF CLIMATE ON)

(DANISHEVSKII, G.M.)

KOYRANSKIY, B.V. (Leningrad)

The problem of ionization in industrial hygiene; a survey.

Gig.truda 1 prof. zab. 2 no.4:5-11 J1-Ag '58

(MIRA 11:9)

(AIR, IONIZED)

KOVRANSKIY, B.B., prof.; ZAKS, R.A.

Role of meteorological conditions of industrial premises in the
etiology of tonsillitis. Gig. i san. 23 no.2:34-39 F '58.

(MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
truda i professional'nykh zabolevaniy.

(TONSILLITIS, etiol. & pathogen.

meteorol. cond. in indust. (Rus))

(CLIMATE, eff.

on tonsillitis in indust. (Rus))

KOZYANSKIY, B. B.

"On the problem of acclimatization in labor hygiene."

report submitted at the 13th All-Union Congress of Hygienists, Epidemiologists and Infectionists, 1959.

KOYRANSKIY, Boris Borisovich; LYKHINA, Ye.T., red.; SHEVCHENKO, F.Ya.,
tekhn.red.

[Tonsillitis and its control under industrial conditions]
Angina i bor'ba s nei v proizvodstvennykh usloviakh. Leningrad,
Gos.izd-vo med.lit-ry Medgiz, Leningr.otd-nie, 1960. 86 p.
(MIRA 13:12)

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE) (LENINGRAD--TONSILS--DISEASES)

KOIRANSKIY, B.B., prof.

"Manual on the use of ionized air in industry, agriculture, and
medicine" by A.L. Chizhevskii. Reviewed by B.B. Koiranskii.

Gig. 1 san. no. 10:110-111 O '60.

(MIRA 13:12)

(AIR, IONIZED) (Chizhevskii, A.L.)

KOYRANSKIY, B.B., prof.

Draft standard of meteorological conditions for spinning and
weaving workers in the cotton industry. Gig. i san. 25
no. 12:35-39 D '60. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Iz Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
truda i professional'nykh zabolevaniy.
(TEXTILE FACTORIES—HEATING AND VENTILATION)

LETAVET, A.A., prof., otv. red.; VESELKIN, P.N., prof., red.;
KANDROR, I.S., prof., red.; KOYRANSKIY, B.B., prof., red.;
MALYSHEVA, A.Ye., doktor med.nauk, red.; SLONIM, A.D., prof.,
red.

[Physiology of heat exchange and the hygiene of industrial
microclimate] Fiziologiya teploobmena i gigiena promyshlennogo
mikroklimata. Moskva, 1961. 365 p. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow. Institut gigieny
truda i profzabolevaniy. 2. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii me-
ditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Direktor Instituta gigieny truda i prof-
zabolevaniy Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Letavet). 3. Chlen-
korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Veselkin). 4. In-
stitut obshchey i kommunal'noy gigieny im. A.N. Sysina Akademii me-
ditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Kandror). 5. Leningradskiy institut gi-
gieny truda i profzabolevaniy (for Koyranskiy). 6. Institut gi-
gieny truda i profzabolevaniy Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for
Malysheva). 7. Institut fiziologii im. I.P. Pavlova Akademii
nauk SSSR (for Slonim).

(BODY TEMPERATURE--REGULATION) (INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE)

KOYRANSKIY, B. B. (Leningrad)

Consultation. Gig. truda i prof. zab. 5 no.7:58 J1 '61.
(MIRA 15:7)

(AIR, IONIZED)

ABRAMOVA, Zh.I.; BRUSILOVSKAYA, A.I.; GADASKINA, I.D.; GOLUBEV, A.A.;
GRIGOR'YEV, Z.E.; DANISHEVSKIY, S.L.; KOVNATSKIY, M.A.; KOVRANSKIY, B.B.;
LAZAREV, N.V.; LEVINA, E.N.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; LYKHINA, Ye.T.; OSIPOV,
B.S.; RYLOVA, M.L.; RUSIN, V.Ya.; SLONIM, A.D.; FRIDLYAND, I.G.

Il'ia Stepanovich Aleksandrov. Farm.i toks. 24 no.1:127 Ja-F '61.

(MIRA 14:5)

(ALEKSANDROV, IL'IA STEPANOVICH, 1902-1960)

KOYRANSKIY, B.B., prof.; UKVOL'BERG, L.Ya., kand.med.nauk;
DMITRIYEV, M.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KOLODINA, N.S.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Influence of air ionization on work efficiency. Gig. i san.
26 no.7:29-33 J1 '61. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh
zablevaniy.

(AIR, IONIZED—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(WORK)

KOVRANSKIY, B.B., prof.; UKVOL'BERG, L.Ya., kand.med.nauk;
DMITRIYEV, M.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Influence of air ionization on mental efficiency. Gig. i
san. 26 no.7:33-39 J1 '61. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta gigiyeny truda i
professional'nykh zabolevaniy.

(AIR, IONIZED--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(REASONING (PSYCHOLOGY))

27.2300

39528

S/240/62/000/003/001/003

I015/I215

AUTHOR: Koyranskiy, B. B. Professor

TITLE: Persistence of adaptation (De-adaptation)

PERIODICAL: Gigiyena i sanitariya, no. 3, 1962, 22-28

TEXT: Adaptation of the organism to low temperatures was achieved by systematic immersion of the feet of two persons in cooled water (for 30 minutes during 60 days at a temperature of 5°C). When adaptation symptoms appeared, the training was interrupted, and the reaction of the lower extremities to cold was examined 20, 40, and 60 days later (under the same experimental conditions). De-adaptation began 1.5 to 2 months after interruption of the adaptation training and the process of de-adaptation differs in the various vegetative centres. Therefore, one should not assess this process according to one given criterion in one given centre, but several basic functions should be examined. Persons with low resistance subjected to a de-adaptation process, adapt gradually — on returning to initial conditions. Thus a person should return to his usual work only gradually after an interruption because of disease. There are 2 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gigiyeny truda professional'nykh zabolevaniy (State Institute of Labor Hygiene and Occupational Disease Research) Leningrad.

SUBMITTED: June 12, 1961

Card 1/1

KOYRANSKIY, B.B., prof.; TRUMPAYTS, Ya. I., prof.

Local legislation for work in the open air during the cold season
of the year. Gig. i san. 28 no.6:86-92 Je'63 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'-
nykh zabolevaniy i Instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyuznogo tsen-
tral'nogo soveta professional'nykh soyuzov.

L 40163-66

ACC NR: AP6024418

SOURCE CODE: UR/0240/66/000/007/0023/0029

AUTHOR: Koyranskiy, B. B. (Professor); Ukvol'berg, L. Ya. (Candidate of medical sciences); Dmitriyev, M. V.

ORG: Leningrad Scientific Research Institute of Industrial Hygiene and Occupational Diseases (Leningradskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gigiyeny truda i profzabolevaniy)

TITLE: Effect of weak cold stimuli (subnormal temperatures) on human thermoregulation

SOURCE: Gigiyena i sanitariya, no. 7, 1966, 23-29

TOPIC TAGS: hypothermia, hypothermia biologic effect, human physiology, human thermoregulation, *BODY TEMPERATURE, TEMPERATURE ADAPTATION, PHYSIOLOGIC PARAMETER, BIOLOGIC ECOLOGY*

ABSTRACT: Three series of experiments were conducted in a meteorological chamber at 0C, 5C, and 8C with 50—60% humidity and 0.1—0.2 m/sec air current. The purpose of these tests was to determine the effect of cold on human thermoregulation. Six or seven healthy subjects aged 20—26 were used in each series. They were dressed in ordinary clothing and remained in a resting position in the chamber until their removal and observation for an hour at 20—23C. Every half hour, the subjects were examined for: 1) cold receptor mobility; 2) cold sensitivity (8C); 3) oxygen consumption; 4) skin temperature in different areas; 5) pulse rate; 6) arterial pressure; and 7) CNS reaction. Each test series lasted 50—60 days and a total of 650 observations were

Card 1/2

UDC: 612.55:612.59

L 40162-36

ACC NR: AP6024418

made. It was found that the temperatures used caused a weak thermoregulatory reaction. This inadequacy of reaction was judged to be the main cause of predominant overcooling in this experiment. Orig. art. has: 5 tables. [CD]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29May65/ ORIG REF: 006/ ATD PRESS: 5049

Card 212/111

КОУРЕ, В. YE.

FUTORIAN, S.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; КОУРЕ, В. Ye., inzhener.

Rapid boring on large horizontal boring machines. Vest.mash.34 no.4:
57-61 Ap '54. (MLRA 7:5)
(Drilling and boring)

KOYRE, V. E.

USSR/Engineering--Machining

Card 1/1 : Pub. 128--6/33

Authors : Koyre, V. E., engineer; and Maksimov, I. G.

Title : High-productive finished milling in place of manual finishing

Periodical : Vest. mash. 34/8, 26-28, Aug 1954

Abstract : A method of milling is described in which a broad tool is used, provided with an edge of hard alloy, applying very shallow feed of the tool, but with high speed. This results in a finish that dispenses with hand finishing. Table; drawings; illustration.

Institution :

Submitted :

KOYRE, V. Ye.

STREL'TSOVA, R.D., inzhener; KOYRE, V.Ye., inzhener

Modern techniques for machining refined cast iron rolls. Vest.mash.
35 no.8:38-40 Ag'55. (MIRA 8:10)

(Machine-shop practice)

Koyre, V. V.

AUTHOR: Koyre, V.V., Engineer.

122-2-7/23

TITLE: Acceptable deviations for flatness and surface finish
(Dopustimyye otkloneniya ot ploskostnosti i chistoty poverkhnosti)

PERIODICAL: "Vestnik Mashinostroyeniya" (Engineering Journal),
1957, No.2, pp. 44 - 47 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: Standards adopted by a heavy engineering plant (NKMZ of Kramatorsk) are stated in a table and discussed in comparison with ГОСТ 3457-46 (Flatness) and ГОСТ 2789-51 (surface finish). Flatness tolerances expressed by the deviation over a given base length are stated for each application and the occurrence of deviations in practice is tabulated for typical surfaces. It is claimed that clearly expressed tolerances have often eliminated scraping.

Card 1/1, There are 3 figures, including 1 graph and 2 tables.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Koyre V.Ye.
KOYRE, V.Ye.

Finish milling of gray iron instead of manual scraping. Stan.1
instr. 28 no.9:37-39 S '57. (MIRA 10:10)
(Iron) (Metal cutting)

KOYRE, V.Ye., inzhener.

Allowable deviations from flatness and surface smoothness.

Vest.mash. 37 no.2:44-47 F '57.

(MLRA 10:2)

(Surfaces (Technology))

KOYRE, V. Ye. Cand Tech Sci -- "Study of the processes of finishing ~~of~~^{-off mill} ~~of~~^{-off mill} large planes in heavy machine building." Mos, 1958 (Gosplan USSR.

Glavniiprojekt. Central Sci Res Inst of Technology and Machine Building

"TsniiTMash"). (KL, 1-61, 193)

- 196 -

ISAYEV, Aleksey Il'ich, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; KOYRE, Viktor
Yevseyevich; GOLITSYN, Ya.K., inzh., ved. red.; KANEVSKIY,
B.M., inzh., red.; SHVETSOV, G.V., tekhn. red.

[Finish milling of large surfaces instead of scraping] Chistovoe
frezerovanie bol'shikh ploskostei vmesto shabreniya. Moskva,
Filial Vses. in-ta nauchn. i tekhn. informatsii, 1958. 29 p.
(Peredovoi nauchno-tekhnicheskii i proizvodstvennyi opyt. Tema 10.
No. M-58-231/37) (MIRA 16:3)

(Metal cutting)

KOYRE, V. Ye.

KOYRE, V. Ye., inzh.; DEREVYASHKIN, A. F., inzh.

Finish machining on planers. Mashinostroitel' no.1:21-22 Ja '58.
(Planing machines--Attachments) (MIRA 11:1)

KOYRE, V.; NADTOCHENKO, A.; AKULININ, I.

Brigades for promoting technological development. WFO no.10:39
O '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1.Novo-Kramatorskiy mashinostroitel'nyy zavod im. I.V. Stalina.
2.Zamestitel' predsedatelya soveta pervichnoy organizatsii Nauchno-
tekhnicheskogo obshchestva g.Kramatorsk (for Koyre). 3.Predsedatel'
komissii sodeystviya tekhnicheskomu progressu g.Kramatorsk (for
Nadtochenko). 4.Predsedatel' byuro metallurgicheskoy seksii Nauchno-
tekhnicheskogo obshchestva, g.Kramatorsk (for Akulinin).
(Kramatorsk--Machinery industry)

S/122/60/000/010/014/015
A161/A030

AUTHOR: Koyre, V.Ye.

TITLE: Machining Sormite-Plated Parts Heating the Metal Layer to be
Removed

PERIODICAL: Vestnik mashinostroyeniya, 1960, No.10, pp. 72-74

TEXT: Detailed information is given on machining sormite-coated blast furnace bells at the NKMZ works where the operation took previously 40-50 days round-the-clock work of a special vertical turret lathe with a 5.5 m diameter face plate. Heating of the sormite coating was used after many trials with different carbide-tipped tools. A normal oxy-acetylene welding device is used for heating, with a multiflame M3F-49 (MZG-49) hardening nozzle. A photo (Fig.3) shows a bell on the turret lathe and the heating device at work. The optimum heating temperature of the sormite layer was found to be 400-450°C, and the best cutter to have a straight-line front face portion parallel to the generatrix of the bell being machined. The "BK8" (VK8) cutters proved most durable. The flame tip is held 80-90 mm in front of the cutter, and the flame tongue length is 75 mm; the turning
Card 1/4

S/122/60/000/010/014/015
A161/A030



Machining Sormite-Plated Parts Heating the Metal Layer to be Removed

is done with 1.5-3 mm cutting depth, 1.5-2.5 mm/rev feed, and 3 m/min cutting speed. The cutters withstood 50-90 min work. The heating causes no noticeable change of hardness or structure of sormite, but wear and resilience of the cutter result in some unevenness of the bell surface, and a grinding allowance has to be left (0.5-0.8 mm on side). A special powerful grinding attachment (designed by I.N.Dmitriyev) (Fig.4) made the grinding operation easier. It is attached by a prismatic clamp (1) on the hexagonal machine column, and its spindle (3) is driven by a 7 kw motor (2). Most suitable grinding wheels are electro-corundum, bound with bakelite, of "16-24" grain and "C1-C2" (S1-S2) hardness. No cutting fluid is used. Grinding is done with 0.02 mm depth, 14 mm/rev feed, at 15 m/min rotation velocity of the bell. Two grinding devices of the same type have been used, mounted on the vertical tool posts of the turret lathe. The machining time of a bell is reduced 4 times. It is supposed that oxy-acetylene flame may be recommended for machining difficult metal (heat resistant, stainless and wear resistant) in cases when durability of cutting tools is too low.

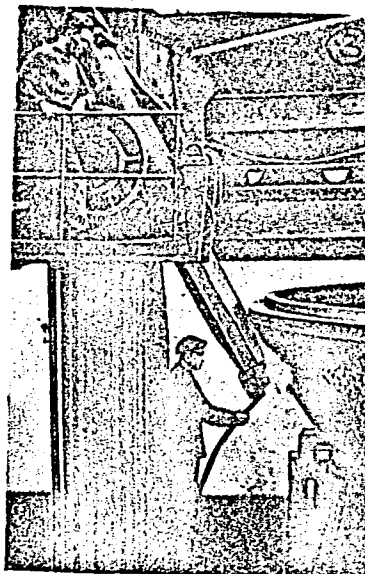
Card 2/4

S/122/60/000/010/014/015
A161/A030

Machining Sormite-Plated Parts Heating the Metal Layer to be Removed

There are 4 figures.

Fig. 3: Heating device at work on bell
mounted on turret lathe



Card 3/4

ISAYEV, Aleksey Il'ich, doktor tekhn. nauk; KOYRE, Viktor Yevseyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ZUEKOVSKAYA, Zinaida Nazarovna, kand. tekhn. nauk; DRAYGOR, D.A., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; LESOVAYA, Ye.Ye., red. izd-va; MATUSEVICH, S.M., tekhn. red.

[Finish machining of surfaces of large parts] Chistovaia obrabotka ploskostei krupnogabaritnykh detalei. Kiev, Gostekhizdat, 1962. 117 p. (Metal cutting) (MIRA 16:5)

S/122/63/000/002/011/012
D262/D308

AUTHORS: Koyra, V. Ya., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and
Belozertseva, L. M., Engineer

TITLE: Finish working of large holes in casings

PERIODICAL: Vestnik mashinostroyeniya, no. 2, 1963, 67-69

TEXT: The causes of radial beat during machining of large size holes (200 - 400 mm dia and 110 - 400 mm long) are discussed in detail and the results of the experiments designed to reveal the effect of rigidity of the spindle assembly on precision of machining are analyzed. A new type of two-cutter floating reamer designed by V. Ye. Koyre, employing a new method of fixing cutting tools (proposed by G. S. Andreyev) is described and the experimental results with steel, cast steel, cast iron, and bronze as worked materials, using cutting tools made of various metals, are presented. With this arrangement, 2nd or 3rd degree of precision and 6 - 7 class of finish can be achieved. Operating efficiency is increased 1.5 to 3 times and hand finish scraping can be dispensed with. There are 3 figures and 1 table.

Card 1/1

KOYRE, V.Ye., kand.tekhn.nauk; STEN'KO, D.A.

Using roll burnishing for improving the macrogeometry of
large part surfaces. Vest.mashinostr. 45 no.11:46-47 N
'65.
(MIRA 18:12)

KHOMENKO, V.V.; KOYRO, G.A.

Foci of opisthorchosis. Vrach. delo no.2:138-139 F '61.

(MIRA 14:3)

1. Sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoye otdeleniye Chernigovskoy
rayonnoy bol'nitsy.

(CHERNIGOV PROVINCE--LIVER FLUKE)

KOYRO, M.

~~KOYRO, M.~~

Minutes of the 19th meeting of the Society of Oncologists of Leningrad and Leningrad Province in conjunction with the Society of Laryngologists. Vop.onk. 3 no.5:653-655 '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Sekretar' 19-go zasedaniya nauchnogo obshchestva onkologov Leningrada i Leningradskoy oblasti sovместно s Obshchestvom laringologov.

(LARYNX--TUMORS)

KOYRO, M.A.

Minutes of sessions No. 28 and 29 of the Oncological Society of Leningrad
and Leningrad Province. Vop. onk. 4 no.5:637-640 '58. (MIRA 12:1)
(ONCOLOGY)

KOYRO, M.A.

Minutes of meeting No.35 of the Leningrad and Leningrad Province
Society of Oncologists, January 8, 1959. Vop.onk. 5 no.8:245-246
'59. (MIRA 12:12)

(TUMORS)

SVENSKIY, Ye. [Swiecki, E.]; KHLINYAK, A. [Hliniak, A.]; KOYRO, M.A.
[translator]

Results X-ray treatment of patients with breast cancer during an
8-year period. Vop.onk. 5 no.11:524-528 '59. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Iz Instituta onkologii (dir. - Ye.Sventskiy), Glivitsy, Pol'skaya
Narodnaya Respublika.
(BREAST--CANCER) (X RAYS--THERAPEUTIC USE)

KOŁODZEYSKAYA, G. [Kołodziejska, H.]; KOYRO, M.A. [translator]:

Hormone treatment of far advanced breast cancer. Vop.onk. 5 no.11:
552-555 '59. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Iz Instituta onkologii, Krakov, Pol'skaya Narodnaya Respublika.
(BREAST---CANCER) (TESTOSTERONE)
(STILBENEDIOL) (CORTISONE) (ADRENAL GLANDS---EXCISION)

KOYRO, M. A. (Leningrad, pr. Engel'sa, 28, kv. 30)

Late results in treating cancer of the external female genitalia.
Vop. onk. 8 no.4:42-49 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - prof. V. P. Tobilevich)
Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystv. chl. AMN SSSR, prof.
A. I. Serebrov)

(GENERATIVE ORGANS, FEMALE--CANCER)

KOYSHYBAYEV, Ye.

Historical etymological study of the name "Fishpek."
Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 19 no.12:86 D '63.

(MIRA 17:12)

KOYSHIBEKOV, M., starshiy chaban, deputat, Verkhovnogo Soveta SSSR

Make available to all the results and methods of the latest techniques. Sov.profsoiuzy 8 no.2:17 Ja '60.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Ovtsesovkhov "Moyunkum," Dzhambul'skaya oblast, Kazakh SSR.
(Dzhambul Province--Sheep)

KOYSMAN, A.A., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk (Tashkent).

Case of multiple calculi in a dystopic kidney. Vest.khir. 73 no.4:54-55
Jl-Ag '53. (MLDA 6:8)
(Calculi, Urinary)

KOYSMAN, A.A.

Rupture of dermoid cyst of the ovary into the bladder. Akush.i gin.
no.1:74-75 Ja-F '54. (MLRA 7:6)

1. Iz Voenno-meditsinskoy akademii im. S.M.Kirova.
(Bladder--Perforation) (Cysts) (Ovaries--Tumors)

KOYSMAN, A.A. (Tashkent)

Heminephrectomy in pyonephrosis of L-shaped kidney. Khirurgia
no.9:72 8 '54. (MLRA 7:12)

(KIDNEYS, abnormalities,

L-shaped kidney with pyonephrosis, heminephrectomy)

(ABNORMALITIES,

L-shaped kidney with pyonephrosis, heminephrectomy)

(KIDNEYS, diseases,

pyonephrosis of L-shaped kidney, heminephrectomy)

KOYSMAN, A.A., podpolkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby, kandidat meditsinskikh nauk (Tashkent)

Wide spread papillomatosis of the male urethra. Urologia no.3:
73-75 J1-S '55. (MLRA 8:10)

1. Iz urologicheskogo otdeleniya (nach.polkovnik meditsinskoy
sluzhby kandidat meditsinskikh nauk Divayev) voyennogo gosptalya
(nach.polkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby Bogdanov)
(URETHRA, neoplasms
papillomatosis, in men, clin.aspects & ther.)

KOYSMAN, A.A., kand.med.nauk (Tashkent)

Clinical picture and therapy of closed injuries of the bladder during the Ashkhabad earthquake in 1948. Urologia 23 no.4:20-24 Jl-Ag '58

(BLADDER, wds. & inj.

closed, after earthquake, clin. picture & ther. (Rus))

(DISASTER,

Ashkhabad earthquake, management of bladder inj. (Rus))

KOYSMAN, A.A., kand.med.nauk

Treatment of some inflammatory diseases of the urinary tract with
Tashkent mineral water. Trudy Uz. gos. nauch.-issl. inst. kur. i
fizioter. no.15:243-249 '59. (MIRA 14:9)
(URINARY ORGANS--DISEASES) (MINERAL WATERS)

KOYSMAN, A.A., dotsent

"Surgical intervention in cases of stones of the kidneys and ureters"
by I.P. Pogorelko. Reviewed by A.A.Koisman. Med. zhur. Uzb. no.11:
73-75 N '61. (CALCULI, URINARY) (POGORELKO, I.P.) (MIRA 15:2)

KOYSMAN, A. A., kand. med. nauk; BOLGARSKIY, I. S. (Tashkent)

Urogenital schistosomiasis. Urologia no.2:47-51 '62.
(MIRA 15:4)

(SCHISTOSOMIASIS) (GENITOURINARY ORGANS—DISEASES)

KOYSMAN, A.A., dotsent; BOLGARSKIY, I.S.

Diagnosis and indications for surgical treatment in fatty degeneration of the kidney. Urologiia no.6:6-9 N-D '63.

(MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz urologicheskoy kliniki (zav.-dotsent A.A. Koysman)
Tashkentskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey i
15-y Gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy Tashkenta.

KOYSMAN, A.A.; VARSHAVSKIY, S.T.; ZMOYRO, I.D.

Hospital hygiene in urological clinics. Antibiotiki 10 no.2:176-
178 F '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Urologicheskaya klinika Tashkentskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey i urologicheskoye otdeleniye gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.15.

refractory

BCS

944. The use of fine-grained sand as a mill addition in the production of coke-oven silica bricks.—L. E. KOTYMAN (*Dnepropetrovsk*, 16, 343, 1951). To improve the quality of coke-oven silica bricks a Russian plant started in 1949 to use as much Ovruchsky quartzite as possible in the mix. The grinding of this hard quartzite consumed much power and exp'ts. were made on the partial replacement of this quartzite by Sukhoyarsky sand, which has a similar comp. (2 figs., 10 tables.)

USSR/Engineering - Refractories, Coke Ovens Feb 52

"Fabrication of Checkers for Regenerators of Coke Ovens," V. Yavdachenko, I. Ye. Koysman S. L. Drabkin, Engineers, Krasnogorka Refractory Plant Iment Lenin

"Ogneupory" No 2, pp 62-68

Describes process of fabricating sections of checker-work out of grog instead of dinas. Higher dimensional precision was achieved by specially designed indicator attached to friction-type press used in process. New checker, having thinner walls and

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USSR/Engineering - Refractories, Coke Ovens Feb 52
(Contd)

increased heating surface, considerably improves heat transfer. Gives flow sheet of process and tabulates data on physioceramic properties.

204718

KOYSMAN, I. Ye.

KOYSMAN, I. Ye.

USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Silicates.
Glass. Ceramics. Binders, I-9

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 62335

Author: Gin'yar, Ye. A., Kaminskiy, V. K., Koysman, I. Ye.

Institution: Krasnogorov Plant imeni Lenin

Title: Production of Burners from Ware Containing a High Percentage of
Chamotte for Coke Ovens

Original

Periodical: Ogneupory, 1956, No 1, 6-9

Abstract: To improve thermal stability of burners (B) of coke ovens the Krasnogorov Plant imeni Lenin has initiated mass production of B from half-dry high chamotte content kaolin paste in lieu of plastic press formed chamotte clay B. The mixture consists of 85% kaolin chamotte and 15% Vladimir kaolin as binder. Chamotte is produced by firing of plastic briquet consisting of 80% Vladimir kaolin and 20% Chasov-Yar clay at 1,400° for 8 hours. Chamotte is ground in ball mills and the paste is made in roller-roll mills. After

Card 1/2

USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Silicates.
Glass. Ceramics. Binders, I-9

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 62335

Abstract: processing the mixture of chamotte and slip (Chasov-Yar clay and sulfite-alcohol liquor) for 1-2 minutes ground kaolin is added into the crusher-roll mill and the paste is mixed for 3-5 minutes. Moisture content of paste 7-8.5%, granular composition: >3 mm up to 1%, 3-2 mm 18-25%, <0.54 mm 50-63%. Press forming of B is effected in molds of floating type (described) on a screw press. The B are fired in annular kilns together with Dinas brick at 1,380-1,400°. Properties of B: $Al_2O_3 + TiO_2$ content 32.1-37.0%, apparent porosity 14.2-20.5%, volumetric weight 2.11-2.19 g/cm³, refractivity 1,690-1,710°. The B were tested by the accelerated method: B were placed in coke oven, operated for 3-5 days, removed from oven and cooled. High chamotte content kaolin burners have enhanced thermal stability which permits to install them in the oven following a predrying at 110° without preheating at 500-600°. Porosity of high chamotte content B affects their thermal stability; optimal porosity is 16-22%.

Card 2/2

15(2)

AUTHORS:

Pankratov, D. L., Belobragin, N. Z., Koysman, I. Ye.

SOV/131-59-12-2/15

TITLE:

Production of Coke Dinas Products From Finely Ground Ovruch Quartzite

PERIODICAL:

Ogneupory, 1959, Nr 12, pp 538-541 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The new standard regulation raised its demands on coke Dinas products with respect to their resistance, porosity and accuracy of dimensions. On the basis of investigations made at the Krasnogorovka Works it was decided to produce coke Dinas products from 100% Ovruch quartzites instead of 80% Ovruch quartzites and 20% Dinas fracture hitherto used. Table 1 gives the graduation of grain sizes of the mass, table 2 the resistance to pressure-fracture of coke Dinas products. Further their porosity (Table 3) and the specific gravity (Table 4) are indicated. The accuracy of their dimensions has been considerably increased. In conclusion the authors stated that an improvement of the graduation of grain sizes, an increase of the amount of applied pressure and an automatic control of the pressing process must be introduced in order to attain a further quality improvement of coke-Dinas products. There are 4 tables.

Card 1/2

Production of Coke Dinas Products From Finely Ground Ovruch Quartzite SOV/131-59-12-2/15

ASSOCIATION: Krasnogorovskiy shamotno-dinasovyy zavod im. Lenina
(Krasnogorovka Fire Clay Dinas Works imeni Lenin) ✓

Card 2/2

PANKRATOV, D.I.; BELOBRAGIN, N.Z.; KOYSMAN, I.Ye.

Simplifying the technology of producing ultralightweight refractories.
Ogneupory 27 no.5:207-208 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Krasnogorovskiy ogneupornyy zavod im. Lenina.
(Firebrick) (Foamed materials)

PANKRATOV, D.I.; BELOBRAGIN, N.Z.; KOYSMAN, I.Ye.

Use of Sukhoy Yar sand for the production of dinas bricks.
Ogneupory 28 no.4:160-162 '63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Krasnogorovskiy ognepornyy zavod imeni Lenina.
(Sukhoy Yar region—Sand)
(Firebrick)

GETLIK, A.; CERNAY, J.; HLAVATA, L.; HLAVATY, J.; HORANSKY, V.; KOYSOVA, Z.

Growth curves of children up to 1 year of age in the Trenčin district in 1952 and 1956 and the relation to nutrition. Cesk. pediat. 17 no.1: 11-20 Ja '62.

1. Pediatricka katedra SUDL v Trenčíne, veduci MUDr. A. Getlik.

(INFANT NUTRITION)
(GROWTH in inf & child)

ROYTIKH, Boris L'vovich; MITROKHIN, Gleb Aleksandrovich; NEMTSEV, Anatolii Viktorovich. Primalni uchastnye: ABRAHAMOV, A.G.; LOMKHOV, L.K.; SAMOYLOVICH, T.A., red.; KLAPTSOVA, T.F., tekhn. red.

[New welding processes in ship repairs] Novye tekhnologicheskie protsessy svarki v sudoremonte. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport," 1962. 55 p. (MIRA 15:9)
(Ships—Maintenance and repair) (Welding)

KAPLON, V.N., inzh., KOTUSHEVA, S.I.

Continuous beating of refined pulp and processing of chips.
Bum.prom. 35 no.8:20-22 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Balakhninskiy tsellyulozno-bumazhnyy kombinat.
(Balakhna--Woodpulp)

KOYUSHEVA, S.I.

Experimental testing of a defibrating ceramic stone with its
segments secured by pins. Buz.prom. 36 no.5:26-27 My '61.
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Balakhninskiy kombinat.
(Balakhna--Woodpulp)

KOYUYKHOV, B.V.

Investigation of the antigenic properties of tissues and organs in animals during ontogenesis. Report no.1. Antigenic species specificity of the crystalline lens. Biul.eksp.biol. i med. 41 no.4: 66-69 Ap '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Iz laboratorii immunologii embriogeneza (sav. kandidat meditsinskikh nauk O.Ye.Vyazov) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (dir. prof. I.N.Mayskiy AMN SSSR, Moskva, Predstavlena deystvitel'nyim chlenom AMN SSSR Zhukovym-Vereshnikovym.

(AGING, physiology,

eff. on crystalline lens antigenic species specificity (Rus))

(ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES,

antigenic species specificity of crystalline lens, age factor (Rus))

(CRYSTALLINE LENS, physiology,

antigenic species specificity, age factor (Rus))